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Blessed Indeed is the one who Truly Accepts that Rizq is in the Hand of Allah (swt) Alone

The understanding that Rizq (ززن) Provision) is solely in the Hand of Allah (swt) is one of the pillars of the Islamic Aqeedah. It elevates the conduct of the Believer so that his mind and energy is freed from constant worry over wealth and directed towards pleasing Allah (swt) as much as possible. Understanding that Rizq is in the Hand of Allah (swt) alone broadens the Muslim's vision and makes him think differently about the desire for wealth, facing times of poverty and overcoming fear of poverty. It strengthens the Muslim's resolve for striving (ربع Sa'ee) for Rizq, without making that striving an overwhelming pre-occupation that overshadows or blunts the pursuit of other Obligations. It ignites within him the burning desire for sacrifice, such that he will compromise of his striving for Rizq in order to further other obligations. All this is favor for the one who truly understands and completely accepts that Rizq is in the Hand of Allah (swt) alone.

And all this is in contrast to those whose understanding of Rizq is clouded and confused such that they believe that Rizq is in the hand of man. Their minds are constantly cluttered by thoughts of increasing the striving, in order to increase the Rizq, such that there is little room for anything else. There is always time for striving for Rizq but little time for worship and carrying the Call to Islam. Their foremost pursuits will be the perfection of their striving as they believe that it alone will increase their Rizq. Their minds will be filled with striving, with little room for anything else. When they are called to other obligations they will fulfill them only to the level that does not interfere with their striving for Rizq. When they are called to strive for the reestablishment of the Khilafah (Caliphate) on the Method of the Prophethood, they will throw their hands up, saying, "our Iman is weak." Or they will commit half-heartedly, hanging back and clinging to life, so that they distance themselves from the front rows of the struggle to establish Islam's comprehensive dominance over Kufr.

 from where he has no expectation." [At-Talaq 65: 2-3] And Allah (swt) said, (فَوَمَا مِنْ مَرْبَعْنَ (أوَمَا مِنْ مَرْبَعْنَا وَمُسْتَقَرَّهَا وَمُسْتَقَرَّهَا وَمُسْتَقَرَّهَا وَمُسْتَقَرَّهَا وَمُسْتَقَرَّهَا كُلُّ فِي كِتَابٍ مُبِينِ **beast on earth but its Provision is due on Allah. He knows its habitation and its repository. All is in a clear record.**" [Hud 11: 6]. Let us contemplate upon these Ayaat constantly, understanding them, submitting to their meaning and altering our behavior accordingly. So, it is not only that Allah (swt) knew so and so person will be given Rizq, so the Rizq would then be Written and Determined, but more than that is the fact that it was His Hand alone that provided the Rizq! Indeed, Allah is the Razzaaq (زالى Provider), He Provides to whom He wills, and He is the one who expands the Rizq for whom He wills, and narrows it for whom He wills. There is no Raaziq other than Him.

However, this does not mean that striving is the cause of Rizq and it is from here that the clouding and confusion may occur. Striving is not the cause of Rizq it is rather one of the cases of being provided Rizq by Allah (swt). So, a businessman might strive hard for profit, but he incurs losses and does not profit. An industrialist might strive to build a factory but his goods fail in the market, so he loses or does not profit.

On the other hand, an inheritor would be provided Rizq by Allah (swt). Or similarly, a person who takes the Luqtah (علقة Abandoned Treasure), the Gift (غلة Hiba), the Zakah (زكان) or the Sadaqah (صدقة), he Obtained Rizq without Striving. Likewise, the one who gets a verdict of Nafaqah (عنقة Financial Maintenance) to his advantage against whom who is responsible about the Nafaqah, and he collects it, he would have Rizq without striving. The same is the case for the disabled, infirm and decrepit people, when the State looks after them; or those whom the State grants land. All such people obtained Rizq without striving and are evidence that striving is not the cause of Rizq but merely one of the cases in which Allah (swt) provides. So, let us consider our choices regarding striving for Rizq according to the guidance of Allah (swt) and His Messenger (saaw).

Let us put in our minds that the one who is successful is not the one who strives day and night for Rizq, regardless of other commands in his Deen. No, success is the one who values his Islam, strives within it and is truly content with what Allah (swt) provides. 'Amr b. al-'As reported Allah's Messenger (saaw) as saying, مَنْ أَسْلَمَ «قَدْ أَقْلَحَ مَنْ أَسْلَمَ اللَّهُ بِمَا آتَاهُ» (Be is successful who has accepted Islam, who has been provided with sufficient for his want and been made contented by Allah with what He has given him." [Muslim] Instead of constant fretting over striving and regret over missing opportunities to strive for Rizq, let us simply pray that whatever Allah (swt) provides is sufficient and nourishing for us. Abu Hurairah narrated that the Messenger of Allah (s.a.w) said, مَحْقَدٍ قُوتًا» «النَّهُمَّ الْحُقَلُ وَزُقَ آلِ مُحَمَّدٍ قُوتًا» **(O Allah! Make the sustenance of Muhammad's family nourishing.**" [Tirmidhi]. Abu Hurairah narrated that a man said: "O Messenger of Allah, I heard your supplication last night, and the part of it that reached me of it, was that you said, «اللَّهُمَ اغْفِرْ لِي ذَنْبِي وَوَسَعْ لِي فِي رِزْقِي وَبَالِكُ لِي فِيمَا رَزَقُتْتَنِي» (O Allah, forgive me my sin, and expand for me my abode, and bless for me that which You have provided me'. He said: تَرَعُنْ شَيْئًا» أَوَّاتَ الْمَاتَةُ عَلَى اللَّهُمَ الْعُمَانَ اللَّهُ (Do you see that they leave off anything?''' [Tirmidhi]

Instead of being extreme in striving for Rizq at the costs of other duties, let us be moderate in striving for Rizq so that we give each duty its full due. It was narrated from Jabir bin 'Abdullah that the Messenger of Allah (saaw) said, هَأَيُّهَا النَّاسُ اتَقُوا اللَّهُ وَأَجْمِلُوا فِي الطَّلَبِ خُدُوا مَا حَلَّ وَأَجْمِلُوا فِي الطَّلَبِ خُدُوا مَا حَلَ وَأَجْمِلُوا فِي الطَّلَبِ فَأَنَّ تَفْسًا لَنْ تَمُوتَ حَتَّى تَسْتَوْفِي رِزْقَهَا وَإِنْ أَبْطَأَ عَنْهَا فَاتَقُوا اللَّهُ وَأَجْمِلُوا فِي الطَّلَبِ خُدُوا مَا حَلَ وَأَجْمِلُوا فِي الطَّلَبِ فَانَ تَفْسًا لَنْ تَمُوتَ حَتَّى تَسْتَوْفِي رِزْقَهَا وَإِنْ أَبْطَأَ عَنْهَا فَاتَقُوا اللَّهُ وَأَجْمِلُوا فِي الطَّلَبِ خُدُوا مَا حَلَ وَأَجْمِلُوا فِي الطَّلَبِ فَانَ تَفُوا هَا اللَّهُ وَأَجْمِلُوا فِي الطَّلَبِ فَا تَعْلَى الطَّلَبِ فَا اللَّهُ وَأَجْمِلُوا فِي الطَّلَبِ فَا اللَّهُ وَاحْمِلُوا فِي الطَّلَبِ فَاتَعُوا اللَّهُ وَأَجْمِلُوا فِي الطَّلَبِ فَا قُولُ مَا حَلَ وَاخْمَا اللَّهُ وَأَجْمِلُوا فِي الطَّلَبِ فَا قُوا اللَّهُ وَأَجْمِلُوا فِي الطَّلَبِ فَانَ عَنْ عَلَى الطَّلَبِ فَا اللَّعَامِ فَا قُولُ اللَّهُ وَاجْمِلُوا فِي الطَّلَبِ فَانَ اللَّهُ وَاللَّهُ وَالْعَلَبِ فَا اللَّعَامِ وَاللَّهُ وَالْحَلُوا فِي الطَّلَبِ فَا الل

Instead of envying the one who has mountains of wealth, upon which there will be ample accounting by Allah (swt), let us truly envy the one who is content and satisfied in that which he was provided. It was narrated from Abu Umamah that the Messenger of Allah (saaw) said, لا يَقُوْبَهُ لَهُ النَّاسِ لا يَقُوْبَهُ لَهُ وَقَلَّتُ بَوَاكِيهِ» (النَّاسِ عِنْدِي مُوْمِنٌ خَفِيفُ الْحَاذِ ذُو حَظَّ مِنْ صَلاَةٍ غَامِضٌ فِي النَّاسِ لا يُؤْبَهُ لَهُ وَقَلَّتُ بَوَاكِيهِ» (النَّاسِ عِنْدِي مُؤْمِنٌ خَفِيفُ الْحَاذِ ذُو حَظَّ مِنْ صَلاَةٍ غَامِضٌ فِي النَّاسِ لا يُؤْبَهُ لَهُ وَقَلَّتُ بَوَاكِيهِ» (النَّاسِ عِنْدِي مُؤْمِنٌ خَفِيفُ الْحَاذِ ذُو حَظَّ مِنْ صَلاَةٍ غَامِضٌ فِي النَّاسِ عَنْدِي مُؤْمِنٌ حَفِيفُ الْحَاذِ ذُو حَظَّ مِنْ صَلاَةٍ غَامِضٌ فِي النَّاسِ عَنْدَهُ وَقَلَّ تُرَاتُهُ وَقَلَتُ بَوَاكِيهِ» (النَّاسِ عِنْدِي مُؤْمِنٌ مَنْ الله والله والله عنه الله والله والذ الله والم والله وال واله والله والل

Let us not fill our minds with worry over Rizq and hearts with rancor over its narrowing, knowing that our Provision is in the Hand of Allah (swt) alone. It was narrated that Habbah and Sawa', the two daughters of Khalid, said: "We entered upon the Prophet (saaw) when he was doing something, so we helped him with it. Then he (saaw) said, قَشْرُ تُشْ مَعْلَيْهِ قِشْرُ تُشْ اللَّهُ مَزَرَقْ مَا تَهَزَّزَتْ رُءُوسُكُمَا فَإِنَّ الإِنْسَانَ تَلِدُهُ أَمُّهُ أَحْمَرَ لَيْسَ عَلَيْهِ قِشْرُ تُشْ (bo not despair of provision so long as your heads are still moving, for a person's mother bears him red with raw skin, then Allah provides for him." [Ibn Maajah]. And RasulAllah (saaw) said, مَزَ قَدُمُ اللَّهُ مَنَ يَرَزُقُ الطَّيْرَ تَغُدُو خِمَاصًا وَتَرُوحُ بِطَنًا» (bo were to rely upon Allah with the reliance He is due, you would be given provision like the birds: They go out hungry in the morning and come back with full bellies in the evening." [Ibn Maajah]

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