بسم الله الرحمن الرحيم

Series of Questions Addressed to Scholar Sheikh Ata Bin Khalil Abu Al-Rashtah,

Ameer of Hizb ut Tahrir through his Facebook Page

Answer to Question:

Disparity and Difference

To: Shoakmal Imomnazarov (Translated)

Question:

Assalamu Alaikum our honorable Sheikh.

It was mentioned in the book of *The System of Islam* (on page 11, Arabic Edition) as follows: "...because his understanding of the organization of man's instincts and organic needs is liable to disparity, differences, contradiction..." It is my understanding that the terms disparity (Tafawot) and difference (Ikhtilaf) were synonymous, that is they have one meaning or close meanings. However, the difference between them is that every disparity is vilified, and that is why Allah denied it on His Action when He said: ﴿ما ترى في خلق الرحمن من تفاوت "You do not see in the creation of the Most Merciful any inconsistency" [Al-Mulk: 3]. And some types of differences are not vilified, do not you see that Allah (swt) says: ﴿ولهُ اختلاف الليل والنهار and His is the alternation of the night and the day." [Al-Mu'minun: 80]. For this type of difference indicates the awareness of the perpetrator, while the disparity indicates the ignorance of the perpetrator. What I mean is that disparity does not exist in Shari'ah rulings and in matters of Ageedah, as opposed to differences which are found in the Shar'a rulings. But some of our brothers claimed that these two words mean two different things, that is, the word difference (Ikhtilaf) means on two opinions and there is a difference between them, but both are right and both lead to the aim. And that the word disparity (Tafawot) also means between two opinions and their is difference between them, and the difference is that one of these two opinions is correct and the other is wrong, that is one of these two opinions leads to the aim, and the other does not lead to it.

Please O Sheikh explain and clarify what is meant by these two words: differences and disparity that are mentioned in the book?

Answer:

Wa Alaikum Assalam wa Rahmatullahi wa Barakatuh,

The text that you refer to in the book of The System of Islam is the following:

"Further evidence of the people's need for messengers is that the satisfaction of man's instincts and organic needs is a necessity. If this satisfaction were left without a system, it would lead to an erroneous and abnormal fulfilment and thus result in man's misery. Therefore, it is necessary to have a system to organize man's instincts and organic needs. This system does not come from man, because his understanding of the organization of man's instincts and organic needs is liable to disparity, differences, contradiction and is influenced by the environment in which he lives. Thus if this organization was left to man, the system would be liable to disparity, differences and contradiction and would lead to man's misery. Therefore, this system must come from Allah." End.

And it speaks about man's understanding of the organization of instincts and organic needs and it shows that this man's understanding is flawed by four things that affect his rulings concerning the organization of the instincts and organic needs and make this understanding not straight and untrue... These four things, although they are related to understanding, but they are not one thing... And before explaining them, it is worth mentioning that these things may occur in the understanding of one person, such as his understanding of organization of the instincts in one day is this, and on the next day is that. Or it may happen in the understanding between two people, for one of them understands the organization of the instinct in a particular way, and the other understands it in a different manner. So what we will explain below may be from the same individual and varies depending on the places and times, and may be between one individual and another...

So as for their meaning it is as follows:

1. The disparity in understanding of the organization of instincts means diverse understandings, vastly apart from one another, and usually these understandings are permeated by defects and deficiencies as a result of ignorance and confusion and lack of a basic rule upon which the understanding is built, whether this disparity is between two views of the same person today and tomorrow, or the views are for two individuals. So the disparity between them in organizing the instincts is that the views diverge a great deal and without an intellectual criterion to either of them, rather this distancing is mixed with ignorance and confusion. Thus, often the two opinions regarding the organization of the instincts are wrong... and rarely one of them is correct... but never both opinions are correct. This is due to what the word disparity (Tafawot) carries in the language of the vast divergence of opinion between two views mixed with ignorance and confusion.

According to Mukhtar al-Sihah dictionary:

(Fa wa ta: he missed "Fatahu" something... and two things diverged "Tafawata": disparity distanced between them...) ended.

According to al-Muheet dictionary: (he missed "Fatahu" the matter, "Fawtan" and "Fawatan": it passed him... and two things diverged "Tafawata": disparity distanced between them... and أَدُ عُنُ فَا فَعُ عُلُقُ "You do not see in the creation of the Most Merciful any inconsistency" [Al-Mulk: 3]. means: fault...) End.

According to Lisan al Arab: (Fawt: Alfawt: Alfawat. Someone "Fatani" passed me, and "Futtahu" it passed him, and "Fatani" I missed it, Fawtan and Fawatan: it passed me... In the revelation from the Exalted in Might, ﴿مَا تَرُى فَي خُلُقِ الرَّحْمِنِ مِن تَفَاوتِ ﴿You do not see in the creation of the Most Merciful any inconsistency" [Al-Mulk: 3]. Meaning: you do not see in the heavens created by the Almighty difference, nor confusion... And two things diverged "Tafawata": disparity distanced between them...) ended.

- 2. The difference in the understanding of the organization of instincts means diverse understandings, that are varied in accordance with the criterion of this person and that. So the first one sees that the ownership of property has its reasons and he follows these reasons, and that increasing of property has its reasons that he takes, and the other one sees reasons other than the reasons taken by the first person... Therefore, this difference may be correct and incorrect, according to the criterion it is built upon because, it is based on a certain criterion, thinking, and planning about understanding the organization... etc. Such are the different doctrines and thinkers... so some of them may be correct and some may be mistaken according to the followed intellectual bases... Therefore, it is often that one of the two opinions are correct... And it can be for each of the two opinions an aspect of correctness according to its adopted criterion such as the owners of the doctrines and some intellectuals... And the two different opinions could be both wrong...
- It is stated in Mu'ajam al-Furuq al-Lughawiyah: (the difference between the differences in doctrines and differences in things: the difference in the doctrines is the arrival of one of the rivals to a view contrary of the other, and the difference in things is the refrainment of one of the two things from replacing the other. And difference may occur between two teams both of them are false such as the difference of the Jews and Christians on the Christ.) End.
 - In Lisan al Arab (9/91)

(And the two things "Takhalafa" and disagreed: they did not agree. And all what did not come equal, they differed and disagreed.) End.

<u>3. Contradiction:</u> is that the variation between people in understanding and judgment amounts to a total contradiction in all aspects of the same question, as if one of the two views destroys the other.

According to Lisan al-Arab (7/242)

(Naqadha: "AnNaqdhu": abolishment of a previously signed contract or construction, and in As-Siahah dictionary: "AnNaqdhu" is abolishing a construction, cord, or covenant. In other: "AnNaqdhu" is the opposite of "al-Ibram" the conclusion...)

<u>To illustrate the difference between these three we will mention the example of the survival</u> instinct - and one of its manifestations is ownership:

- the difference in this matter is if one believes that he increases his ownership by the company of 'Anan (partnership by body & finance) and the other sees by the share company, that is by a different reason...
- the disparity is when one of them sees ownership should be unqualified to any amount and the other sees to limit it by a little amount to keep it alive...
- the contradiction is when one individual sees the permissibility of individual ownership and the other sees the abolition of individual ownership...
- 4. Influenced by the environment: this is the fourth factor affecting human understanding of things because everyone is raised up in a specific environment in which there are prevailing rulings, and his mind is affected without a doubt positively and negatively by the environment around him. The environment may affect him and so he relishes things that are not relished by another person living in another environment. Or his environment may affect him such that he detests some of what is prevalent and he alienates himself from them and does not relish them... So if the organization of the instincts is left to man then his environment may become a source to his understanding and his rulings... Thus it is a mistake to take rulings from the reality, instead the reality should be the subject of the treatment rather than its source.

These four things make man's rulings in the organization of the satisfaction of the instincts and organic needs imprinted by them, and so the human rulings come with disparity, differences, contradiction and influenced by the environment in the same issue... Therefore, the human mind is unable to find the correct organization to satisfy their instincts and organic needs... Whereas the system which comes from Allah (swt) it is from the Creator of human beings and is not liable to these four things, thus it is the right system, which we must proceed accordingly... and that is the Haq. وَهُمُنادُا بَعُدُ الْحَقِ And what can be beyond truth except error? So how are you averted?" [Yunus: 32].

Your brother,
Ata Bin Khalil Abu Al-Rashtah

30th Dhul Qi'dah 1437 AH 02/09/2016 CE

The link to the answer from the Ameer's Facebook page:

https://www.facebook.com/AmeerhtAtabinKhalil/photos/a.122855544578192.1073741828.122848424578904/518888494974893/?type=3&theater

The link to the answer from the Ameer's Google Plus page:

https://plus.google.com/u/0/b/100431756357007517653/100431756357007517653/posts/H7UM6VukFyz

The link to the answer from the Ameer's Twitter page:

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